

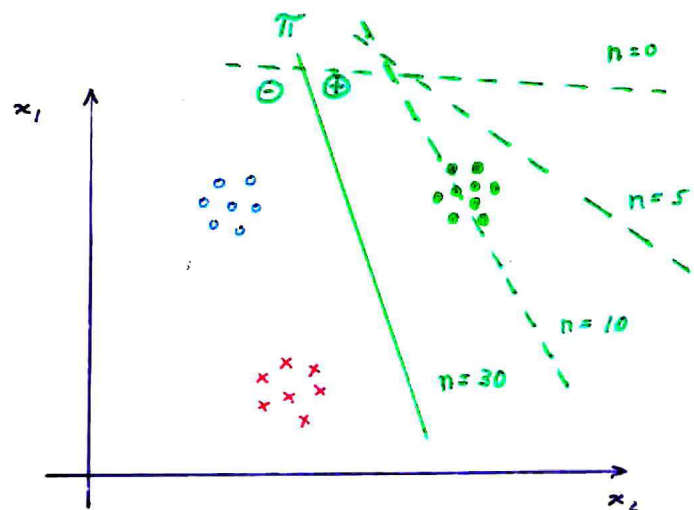
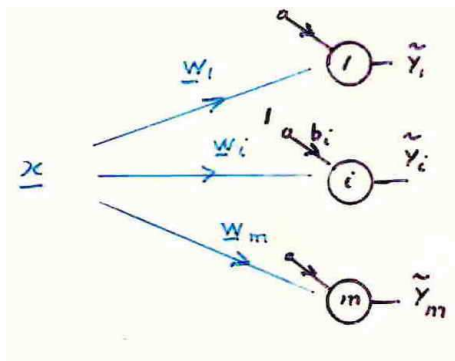
Demo Classificadores

Interpretação geométrica

Rede 1 camada

Cada neurônio treina e opera de forma independente dos demais

Treinamento



Caso simples

- Efeito da população

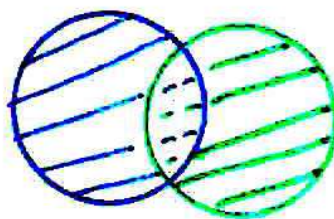


1a 50% 50%

1b 80% 20%

Efeito da população

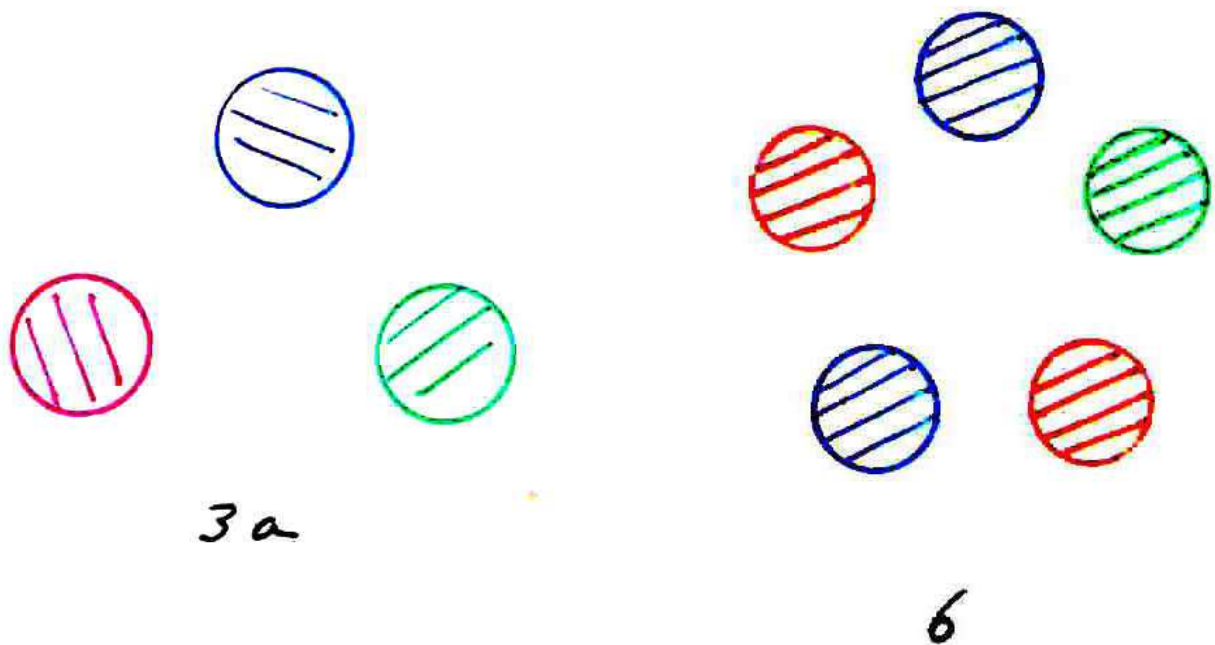
- agora com consequencias



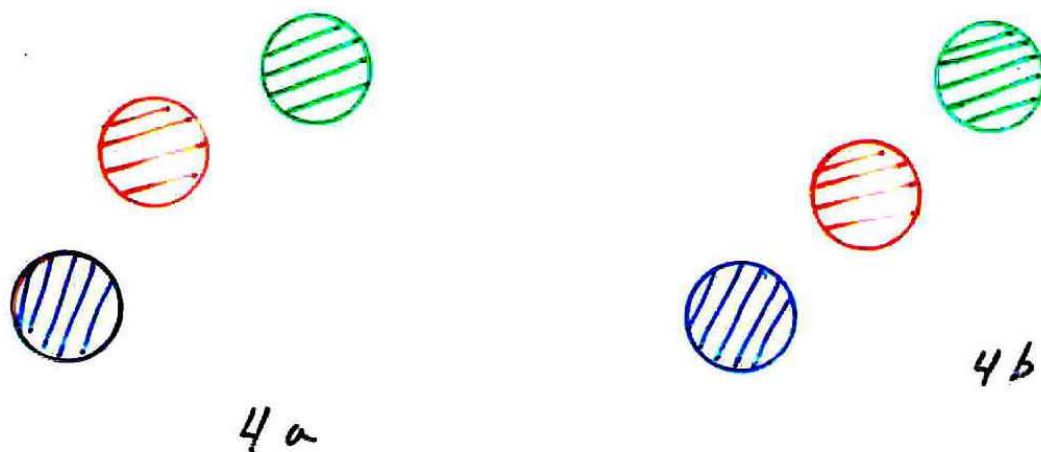
2a 50% 50%

2b 80% 20%

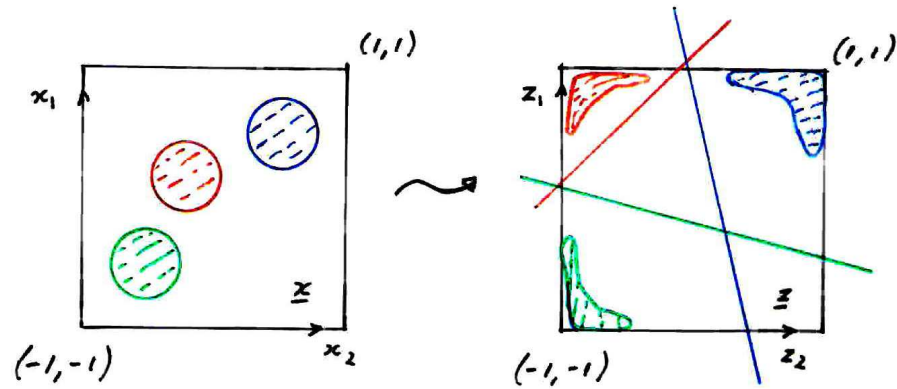
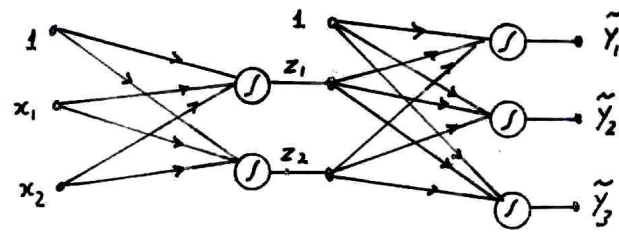
Mais classes



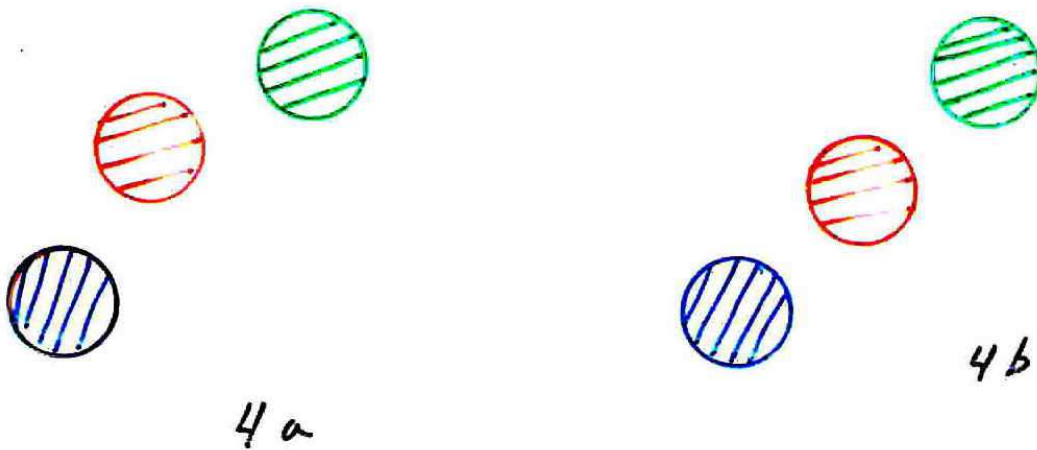
Casos não linearmente separáveis



Rede com duas camadas

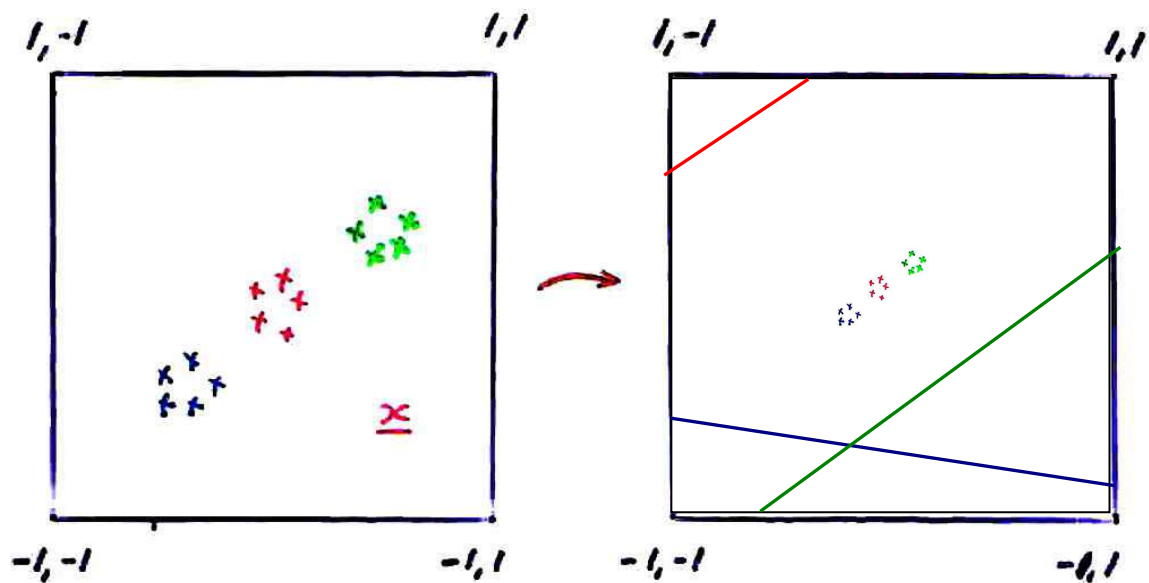


Casos não linearmente separáveis

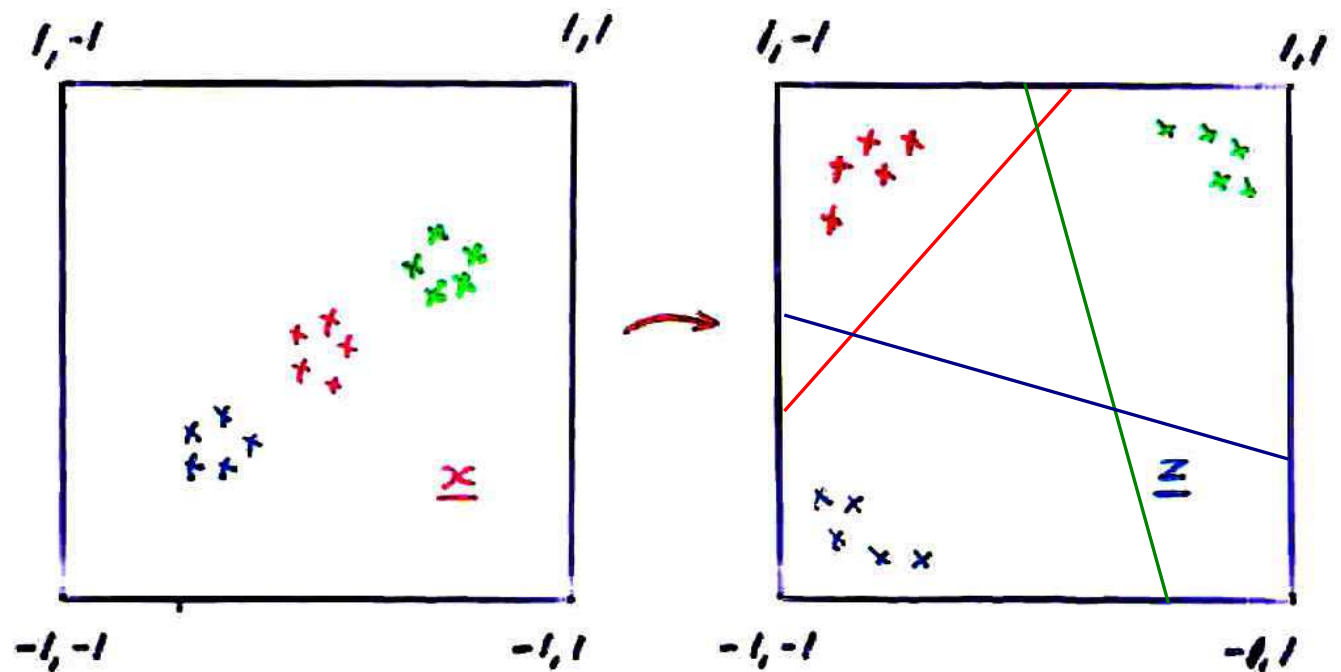


Evolução do treinamento

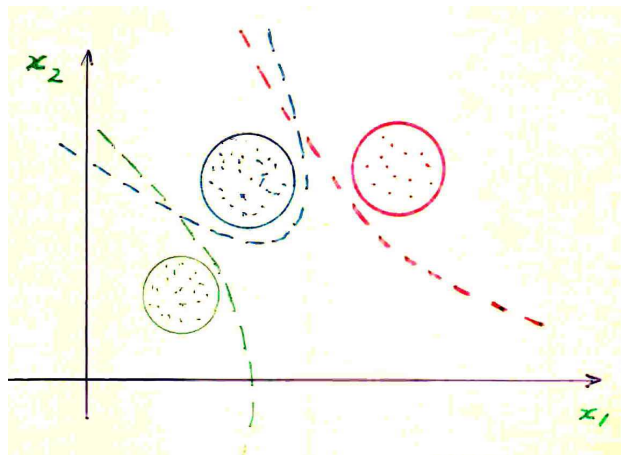
posição inicial



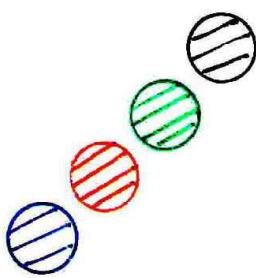
evolução



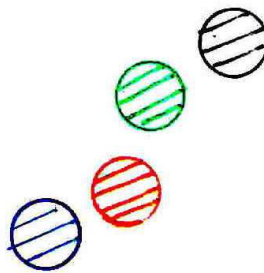
Partição do espaço da entrada



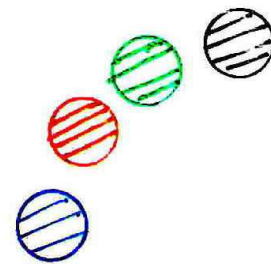
Casos mais complexos



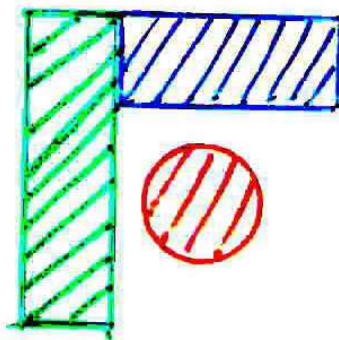
5a



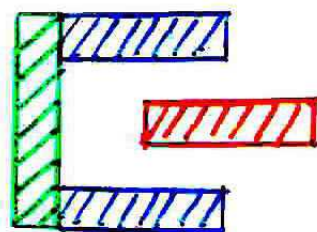
5b



5c

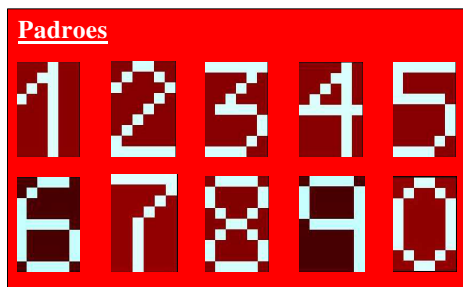
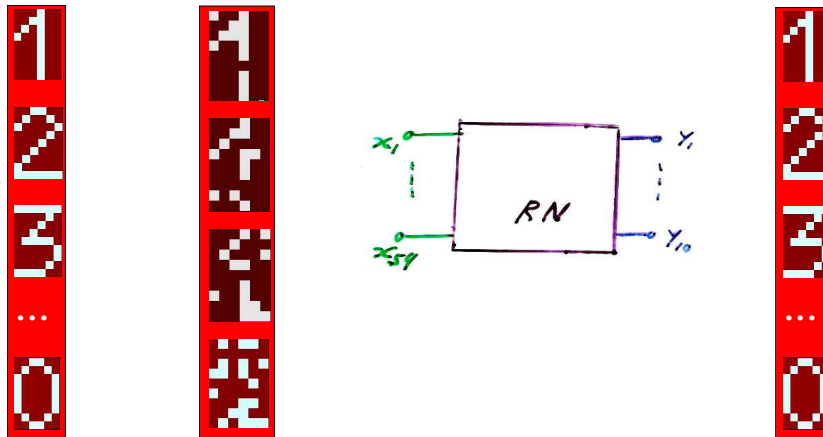


7

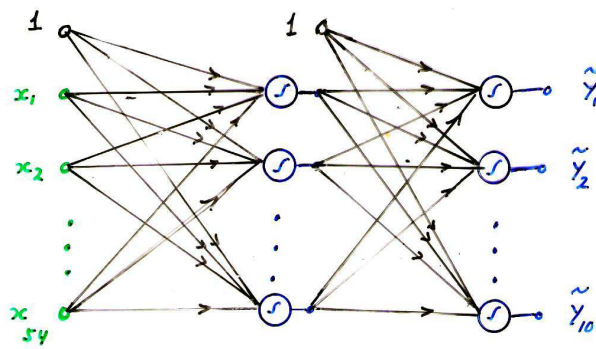


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Demo: OCR Neural



Rede Neural



$\dim \underline{x} = 54$ $\dim \underline{y} = 10$ componentes binarias

2 camadas de neurônios

neurônios camada intermediária: 1 – 30

Passo treinamento .1 , max 500 épocas

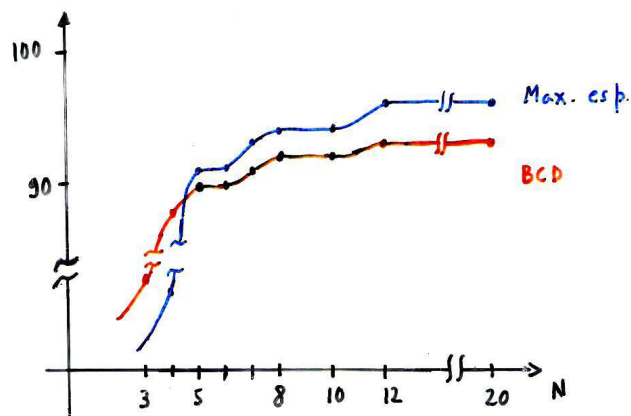
Ruído: 0 – 20 %

Capacidade de Mapeamento

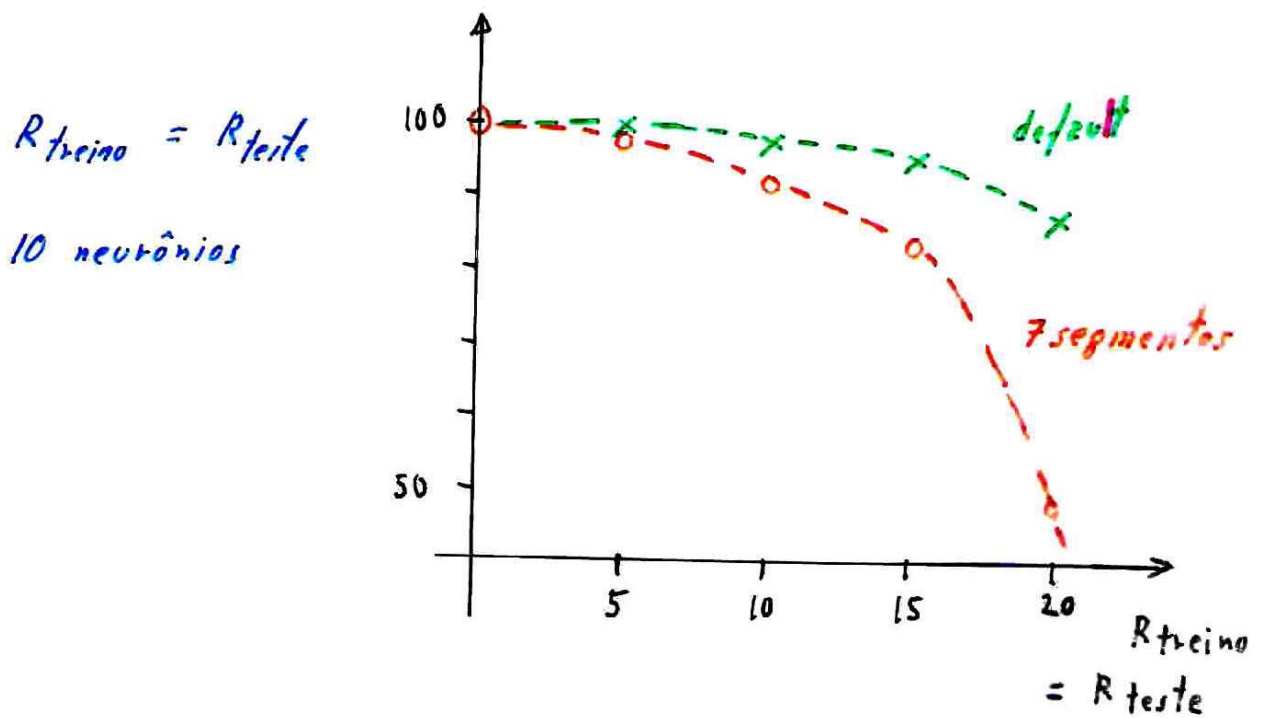
$R_{\text{treino}} = R_{\text{teste}} = 15 \%$

1 camada >>> 77 % acertos

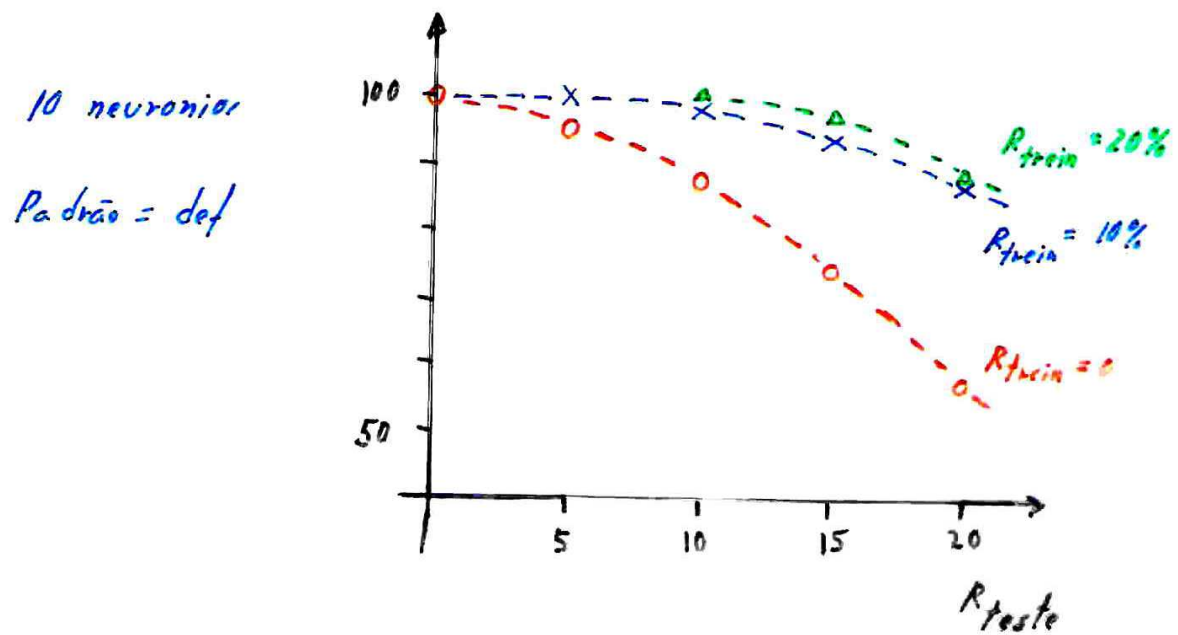
2 camadas $f(N)$ $N = \#$ neurônios cam. intermed.



Efeito da Separabilidade dos padrões

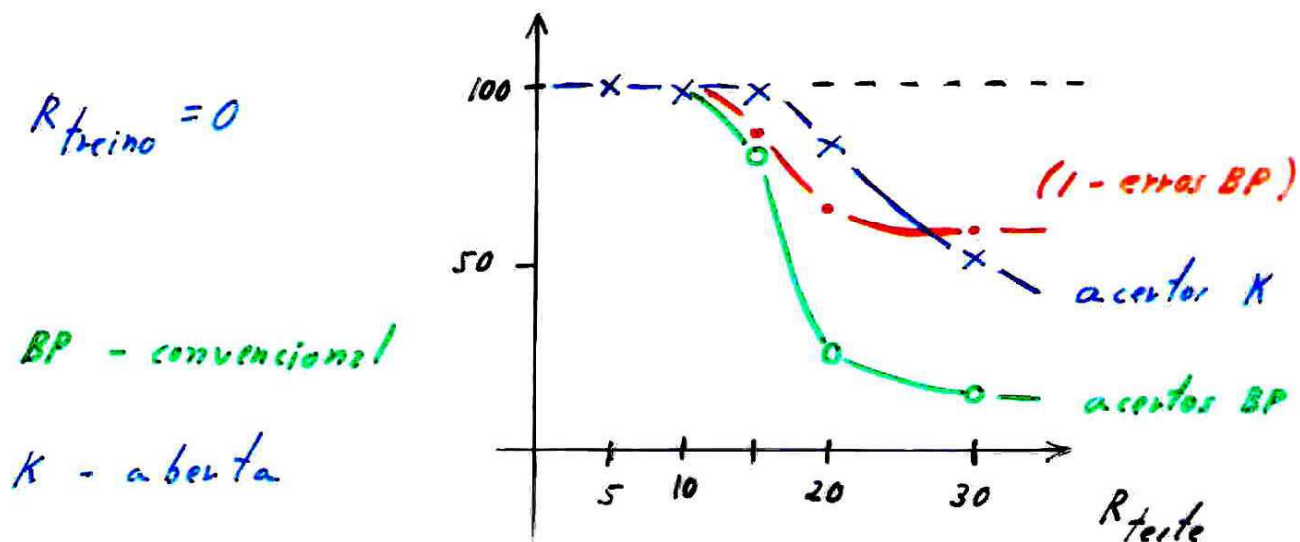


Efeito das condições de treino e operação



Abrindo a classificação

Abrindo a Classificação



Robustez

Morte de neurônios

Neurônio morto: $y = 0$

